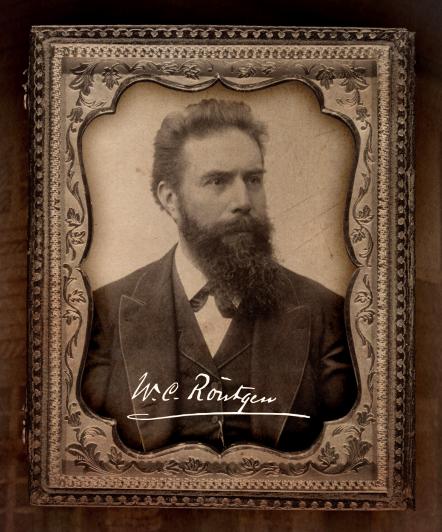


15 YEARS OF CHANDRA



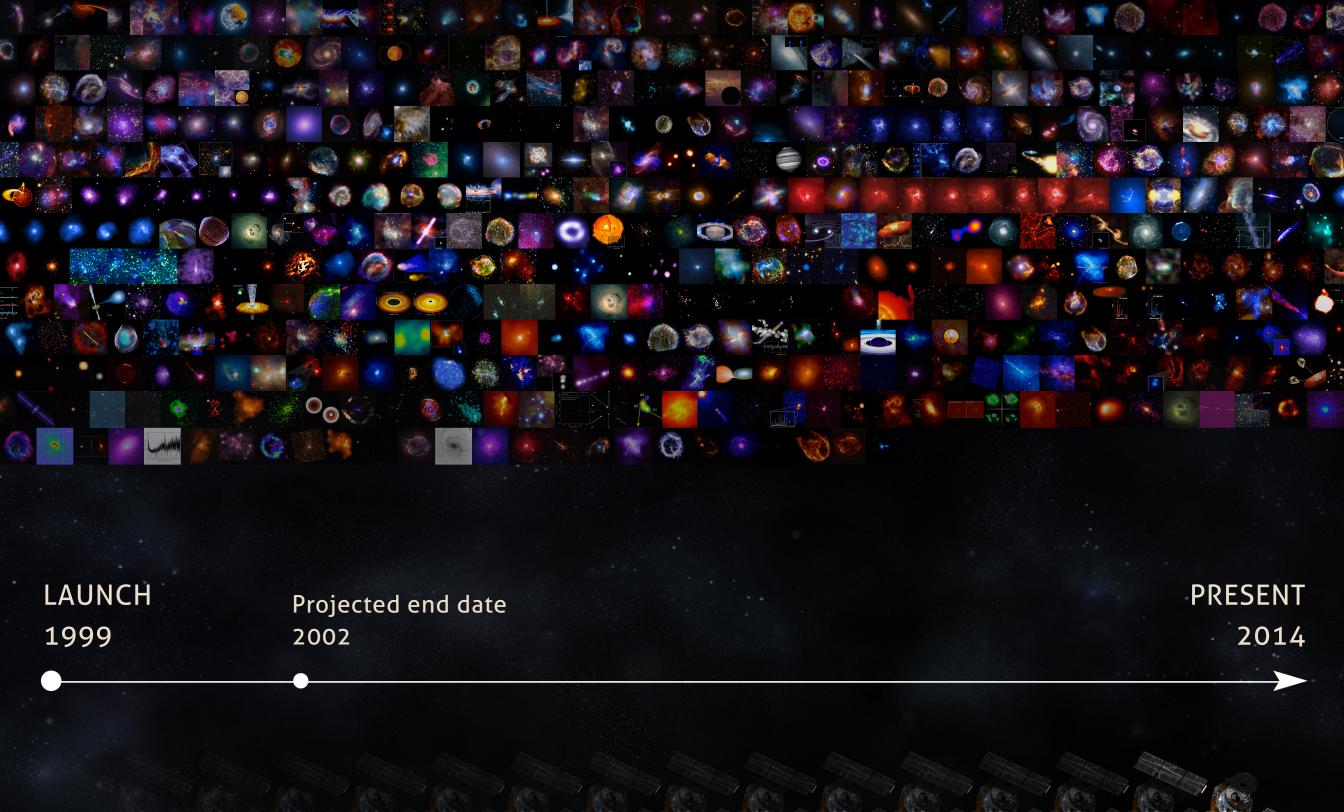
In 1895, German physicist Wilhelm Röntgen discovers a new form of radiation. He called it "X-radiation" to denote its unknown nature.

It took more than a decade before a greatly improved detector discovered X-rays coming from sources beyond the Solar System in 1962.

> NASA's Chandra X-ray Observatory is launched aboard the Space Shuttle in 1999, ushering a new era in the field of X-ray astronomy a mere handful of decades later.

Chandra achieved an increase in sensitivity comparable to going from looking at the night sky with the naked-eye to the seeing power of the most powerful optical telescopes over the past 400 years.

Chandra has revolutionized our understanding of the very hottest regions of the Universe, including exploded stars, clusters of galaxies, and matter falling into a black hole.



The Chandra spacecraft has reached its 15th year of operation. Because of its high orbit and the continued success of its components, it is expected to keep operating for many more years.

CHANDRA.SI.EDU/15TH